

APARTMENTS BOARD REPLY

[illegible]

L LORRAINE, Haymarket, Sydney, N.S.W.
L LORRAINE, Mr. and Mrs. Walter, near Potts Point, N.S.W.
L LORRAINE, HOLMGROFT, Water Rates from Mr. W. L. Holmgroft, 77A Pitt St. Phone 31.
L SPRINGWOOD, Lorna, home, Bondi, Home for sale. All new and lovely. See Mrs. Roberts, 251 York St.
W ON new work, including roof, furnished Cottage, near cottage, Andrew J. L. PIRGIAN, Way Way, Tel. phone, 2 Way Way.

HOUSES, LAND, ETC. WANTED

A COTTAGE built on your own land, no deposit, to pay as you go. W. & D. Deelman, Builder, Ashurst.

A J. BARNES, ESTATE AGENT, BOND JUNCTION, FOR CHEAP AND GOOD PROPERTIES.

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MEETINGS

FEDERAL LAND **TAL**

An important MEETING of all persons interested in the Federal Land Tax bill, now before the Congress, will be held at the Chamber of Commerce of the City of Raleigh, N. C., at 8 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, at 8 p.m. sharp.

Prominent Speakers will address the meeting.

Mr. A. CONSENT STEPHEN will preside.

HAYMARKET Program Association—A meeting of the above will be held at Walden Hotel, To-night, Monday, at 8 o'clock. All friends, supporters of Am. J. English are cord.

COMPARISON IS YOUR SAFEGUARD.

Compare us with any other firm before purchasing. We can guarantee that we will give you the best value for your money.

THIS HANDSOME

6th. 6th. DRESSING CHEST, \$4 10/6.
WITH 2 LONG DRAWERS, 2 HAY DRAWERS, & 2 SMALL DRAWERS. The chest is fitted with a large bevelled mirror and 2 small drawers for jewelry, making a very handsome and useful piece of furniture for any bedroom.
INSIDE PARTICULARS OF OUR HOUSE-FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT.

3 ROOMS, £20, £20, £20.
4 ROOMS, £25, £25, £25, £25.
PAID UP FOR THE COUNTRY. DELIVERED FREE TO ANY PART OF SYDNEY.
WE CLOSE AT 1 P.M. SATURDAY, OPEN ALL DAY WEDNESDAY.

A. HALL AND COMPANY,

40, GEORGE STREET, opp. A. H. Borden and Son's, BACKFIELD HILL.
Leave train at Liverpool-street.



YOU, TOO, WILL ENJOY POST TOASTIES.

It is the FLAVOUR, CRISPNESS AND SWEETNESS of the delightful golden-brown bits of corn. Fully cooked. Serve with cream or milk.

"THE MEMORY LINGERS."

SOLD BY GROCERS.

PERFECT MECHANISM. PERFECT WORK. PERFECT FINE. PERFECT STYLISH. PERFECT PRICE. OUR MACHINES ALLOWED FOR.

W. C. DOUGLASS.

40, GEORGE STREET (OPPOSITE LAST TITERS), SYDNEY.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

We beg to notify our various clients that BUSINESS WILL BE CONDUCTED AS USUAL TO-DAY, as we have fresh stocks to replace any losses sustained by fire.

W. C. DOUGLASS.

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND TEA MERCHANTS, 40, LIVERPOOL STREET.

BUILDING MATERIALS.

HUBBUCK'S NON-POISONOUS PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.

For Durability and Covering Power HUBBUCK'S PATENT WHITE ZINC is unequalled. Does not oxidize and is not affected by weather. It is the best for use on iron and steel. In mixing use HUBBUCK'S PATENT WHITE ZINC. HUBBUCK'S ZINC PAINT.

HARDWOODS. HARDWOODS. HARDWOODS.

H. McKENZIE, LIMITED. THIRTEEN MERCHANTS, GLEBE ISLAND, PYRMONT, GLEBE, AND NEW ZEALAND.

COTTAGES MACHINE MADE.

ROOFING required by Christmas time should be ORDERED EARLY. NEW CATALOGUE PROMPTLY MAILED.

GEORGE HUDSON AND SON, LTD., REGENT-STREET, REDFERN.

ADVERTISERS: If you want best quality goods at lowest cost, buy from JAMES SANDY & CO., Ltd., 10, Market Street, Sydney.

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STATE ELECTIONS.

"BOWLED OUT."

A Labour meeting at Titha Titha on Friday night broke up in disorder through an interference on the part of Mr. W. H. Tomkins, the selected Labour candidate. Mr. Tomkins was repeating the customary charge against the Government of having abolished trial by jury, when one of his hearers declared that the statements were untrue. The speaker then proceeded to take the platform and prove that the statements were untrue. Seeing that the man knew his facts, Mr. Tomkins tried to stop him, but the chairman ruled that the man had been invited to do so, and the speaker was entitled to be heard. The candidate refused to accept the chairman's ruling, whereupon the chairman declined to act further, the audience sided with him, and the meeting broke up in confusion.

GLEBE.

MR. HOGUE'S CANDIDATURE.

The Minister for Education, in his candidature for the Glebe, had a bumper house on Friday night. The meeting was held in the Glebe Town Hall. The hall was not only packed, but the people crowded on to the platform and up the staircase, while large numbers were turned away for want of room. With the exception of a small noisy section of the audience, who kept up a running fire of interruption, the main body of the audience were with the candidate, and the various speakers got a good hearing.

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ALL THE BEST POINTS

ARE CENTRED IN

LEWIS & WHITTY'S

... BLUE ...

Made of THE BEST Materials;
Made from THE BEST Formula—
and so Gives THE BEST Possible Results.

A Weekly Wash without Worry—Clothes that are really White—
Clothes that are not Spotted or Streaked FOLLOW THE USE OF

The Blue that Never Fails.

ORDER IT TO-DAY.

that party. (Cheers.) Mr. Morton was asked a question in regard to his license, and replied that he intended voting for reduction, as there were too many hotels. Mr. Morton was accorded a vote of confidence, and three cheers.

GLEBE, Saturday.
Mr. James, Liberal candidate, addressed a meeting of electors at Crockwell on Friday. He gave a resume of the work done by the Government, exposed Labour mis-statements, and denied misrepresentations, gave a brief explanation of the Industrial Disputes Act, and the mis-called Corrocion Act, and concluded with a eulogy of the Premier. It was the best political meeting yet held at Crockwell. A unanimous vote of confidence in the candidate was passed. Mr. Gleason, president of the Crockwell club, presided.

TAMWORTH.
Mr. J. J. Lord, selected Labour candidate, addressed a large gathering at Tamworth on Friday. Mr. Seilly occupied the chair. The candidate received a good hearing, and at the conclusion of his speech was accorded a vote of confidence. State Governors, he considered, should be done away with. The Premier, he said, was a man of honor, and he had no intention of imputing unworthy motives to the Treasurer, but he must have known that the value of these lands was largely increasing through the efforts of the State. He was a man of honor, and he had no intention of imputing unworthy motives to the Treasurer, but he must have known that the value of these lands was largely increasing through the efforts of the State.

PARRAMATTA.
Mr. T. R. Moxham, selected Liberal candidate, addressed a large meeting at Parramatta on Saturday evening, when he defended the action of the Government in dealing with the lawbreakers during the late strike. Mr. Moxham went on to say that no union should be allowed to levy dues on its members without submitting books to a proper audit. He was practically closed to children whose parents, although educated, were free for children attending Public Schools. The University was a place where the law was not enforced, and he would never forgive him for the Corrocion Act. There was room for improvement in the railway system and freight charges.

CHANNIVILLE.
Mr. E. E. Wilson, selected Labour candidate, addressed a meeting at Channiville on Saturday night. He defended the action of the Government in dealing with the lawbreakers during the late strike. Mr. Wilson went on to say that no union should be allowed to levy dues on its members without submitting books to a proper audit. He was practically closed to children whose parents, although educated, were free for children attending Public Schools. The University was a place where the law was not enforced, and he would never forgive him for the Corrocion Act. There was room for improvement in the railway system and freight charges.

WARRIEWAY.
Colonel Onslow.
STERN JUSTICE TO LAWBREAKERS.
On Saturday night Colonel Onslow addressed a large open-air meeting at Newland-street. His subject was a general denunciation of the action of the Government in dealing with the lawbreakers during the late strike. He went on to say that no union should be allowed to levy dues on its members without submitting books to a proper audit. He was practically closed to children whose parents, although educated, were free for children attending Public Schools. The University was a place where the law was not enforced, and he would never forgive him for the Corrocion Act. There was room for improvement in the railway system and freight charges.

RALEIGH.
In the course of a speech at Bellington on Friday Mr. Briner said he was opposed to the Labour party if for no other reason than their antagonism to the North Coast railway and their land policy. He spoke strongly in favour of the conversion of leases into freehold, and declared himself opposed to the Labour policy of land nationalization. The present land laws were quite suitable, just as its out would be made more than 20 years ago. He was a man of honor, and he had no intention of imputing unworthy motives to the Treasurer, but he must have known that the value of these lands was largely increasing through the efforts of the State.

NORTH SHORE TUNNEL.
THE PREMIER ATTACKED.
Mr. Donald Macdonell, M.L.A., took the platform at Manly on Saturday night on behalf of the candidature of Mr. S. E. O'Brien, an Independent Liberal, for the seat of the Harbour area, and bitterly attacked the Premier for saddling the chairman of the Public Works Committee with responsibility for the delay in investigating the proposal to link up Sydney and North Sydney by a tunnel. Mr. Macdonell was condemning the Government, when one of his hearers asked, "If you have a good case to win at the next elections, why abuse Mr. Wade?" Abuse Mr. Wade, he replied, because the present Government had placed upon the statute book a greater number of useful and democratic measures than any previous Government. Referring to the present land laws, he said that the Government had reached a total of 26,188. The Liberal policy was to make the land available to the small man, and to prevent the accumulation of big estates. A supporter of the Liberal party, he would stand or fall by the work of the Government.

CASTLEBRAGH.
Mr. W. J. Donnelly, selected Liberal candidate, addressed a meeting at Castlebragh on Thursday night, and met with a good reception. He dealt appreciatively with the action of the Government in dealing with the lawbreakers during the late strike. Mr. Donnelly went on to say that no union should be allowed to levy dues on its members without submitting books to a proper audit. He was practically closed to children whose parents, although educated, were free for children attending Public Schools. The University was a place where the law was not enforced, and he would never forgive him for the Corrocion Act. There was room for improvement in the railway system and freight charges.

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BIRTHS.

BUCHANAN, September 4, 1910, at Harrogate, Northamptonshire, the wife of C. Buchanan, Esq., of Harrogate, a son.

REBERT (nee BEATRICE COCKE), September 4, 1910, at the Convent, Harrogate, Northamptonshire, the wife of Robert Rebert, Esq., of Harrogate, a daughter (premature).

MITCHELL, September 4, 1910, at the wife of F. K. Mitchell, Esq., a daughter.

TAYLOR, September 8, 1910, at Harrogate, the wife of John Taylor, Esq., a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BARTER-MARTIN, September 10, 1910, at Plymouth, England, Edith May, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Martin, of Harrogate, Northamptonshire, to George Bartter, Esq., of Harrogate, Northamptonshire. (By cable.)

SILVER WEDDINGS.

GRIBBS-BRIDGES, September 12, 1887, at Grafton, New South Wales, the Rev. J. H. Gribbs, M.A., D.D., second son of John Gribbs, of Grafton, to the Rev. J. H. Bridges, M.A., D.D., second daughter of the late William Bridges, of Grafton, New South Wales.

COOPER, September 12, 1887, at Sydney, the Rev. J. H. Cooper, D.D., second son of the late J. H. Cooper, D.D., to the Rev. J. H. Bridges, M.A., D.D., second daughter of the late William Bridges, of Grafton, New South Wales.

DEATHS.

ADAM, September 10, 1910, at Glasgow, the Rev. J. H. Adam, D.D., second son of the late J. H. Adam, D.D., to the Rev. J. H. Bridges, M.A., D.D., second daughter of the late William Bridges, of Grafton, New South Wales.

ALAN, September 10, 1910, at Glasgow, the Rev. J. H. Alan, D.D., second son of the late J. H. Alan, D.D., to the Rev. J. H. Bridges, M.A., D.D., second daughter of the late William Bridges, of Grafton, New South Wales.

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IN MEMORIAM.

ALLEN, in loving memory of Walter Charles Allen, who departed this life September 10, 1910, at the age of 34 years. He was a devoted husband and father, and a true friend. His death is a great loss to all who loved him. Rest in peace.

ANDERSON, in loving memory of our dear father, Thomas Anderson, who departed this life September 10, 1910, at the age of 78 years. He was a devoted husband and father, and a true friend. His death is a great loss to all who loved him. Rest in peace.

ANDERSON, in loving memory of our dear mother, Mary Anderson, who departed this life September 10, 1910, at the age of 78 years. She was a devoted mother and a true friend. Her death is a great loss to all who loved her. Rest in peace.

RETURN THANKS.

MR. J. H. ADAM, of Glasgow, North Scotland, wishes to return his sincere thanks to all who have assisted him in his recent illness, and to all who have expressed sympathy in his bereavement.

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SPECIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADAM, in loving memory of our dear father, Thomas Adam, who departed this life September 10, 1910, at the age of 78 years. He was a devoted husband and father, and a true friend. His death is a great loss to all who loved him. Rest in peace.

ANDERSON, in loving memory of our dear mother, Mary Anderson, who departed this life September 10, 1910, at the age of 78 years. She was a devoted mother and a true friend. Her death is a great loss to all who loved her. Rest in peace.

THE SYDNEY MORNING HERALD, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1910.

PENFOLD'S WINES.

1910. ADELAIDE INTERSTATE SHOW. 1910.

Amidst the keenest competition from all Australia PENFOLD'S this month secured the following AWARDS:-

THE ONLY CHAMPION CUP.

THE ONLY GOLD MEDAL.

NINE FIRST PRIZES.

PENFOLD'S CHAMPION AND FIRST AWARDS were greater than those of all the other competitors combined.

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The Hague was due to the educative influence of the press of both nations. By means of the press the British and American people were informed of the origin of the dispute, and the differences as to the rights of the colony of Newfoundland were vital. It was not until the Hague conference that the world was made aware of the existence of the colony of Newfoundland, and that the world was made aware of the existence of the colony of Newfoundland.

It is impossible to believe that men like Mr. Fisher and Mr. Hughes, whose intelligence no one doubts, are blind to the facts. They must surely see that all their efforts in the direction of social amelioration will assuredly prove as nought unless we are strong enough to defend ourselves. They must see that the mere building of destitute and the mere reorganisation of our field forces are quite insufficient, without a solid backing of men behind the runs. That the rank and file of the Labour party is not so convinced is pretty certain. If this be so, does not the leader's duty lie in educating their supporters up to a realisation of the real position? Another ten years of inactivity such as characterised the last ten years, and the Commonwealth will be changed, and changed in a way that will cause our posterity to curse us for our stupidity. If our "white Australia" is to continue white throughout the ages, and if we are one day to take our place amongst the leading nations of the world, we must lose no further time in filling it up with the white race. Immigration to-day in Australia is a question of life and death. It is a question of the Commonwealth's future. It is a question of the Commonwealth's future.

THE LAND TAX AND FRAUD. A correspondent on Saturday did good service in calling attention to the absurdity of the clause of the Land Tax Bill that relates to penalties. Not merely is a heavy fine and a treble tax imposed for misstatement, but the area is liable to absolute forfeiture to the Crown. This very drastic provision is not couched in similar language elsewhere, particularly in New Zealand; but the framers of the measure obviously overlooked the complete difference of conditions in the two cases. Our correspondent effectively pointed out the first place the great fluctuation in value to which Australian rural lands are subject, and in the second place the great difference of opinion as to value at a given moment to which this may give rise. The penalty clauses come into force if the owner's valuation is 25 per cent. below that of the Crown. We do not suppose that the Commonwealth has the remotest intention of taking undue advantage of the clause, but it is a clause that in the shape of inequitable administration of a measure, debatable enough in itself, would surely provoke quick political vengeance. But the point raised well illustrates the fact that, in designing a law, Mr. Fisher has taken on a much larger contract than he is competent to complete. There never yet has been a progressive land tax that served the intentions of its framers, and the one with which we are threatened will not doubt bring fresh difficulties and danger to light in every year of its existence. With the best intention in the world, and with a sincere desire to administer the law in a fair and impartial spirit, the Commonwealth will probably still find it impossible to avoid pitfalls, which will inevitably lead to the ruin of individuals.

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SHIPBUILDING LOCKOUT.

MUTINIOUS BOILERMAKERS.

EXPEDITIOUS EXECUTIVE ACTION.

EMPLOYERS REFUSED GUARANTEES.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

The executive of the Boilermakers' Society is anxiously awaiting the result of the ballot on the question of guarantees being given to the employers to use all constitutional means for settling disputes before striking.

They hope a large majority will endorse keeping faith with the employers, which, it is claimed, will be the only means of safeguarding collective bargaining.

Nevertheless, it has been arranged, in the event of the executive receiving inadequate support, to call a representative meeting.

Sept. 10.

The ballot, by 10,321 votes against 5431, is adverse to the executive's position, but the majority empowers the executive to call a representative meeting.

The majority was composed of the boilermakers on the Clyde and the North-east Coast. The minority was composed principally of men in the Government yards and in works in inland towns.

The executive does not regard the result of the ballot as a vote of want of confidence, but interprets it as a desire of the men to be consulted.

The "Daily Chronicle" declares that the smallness of the ballot denotes a sullen and dangerous mood on the part of the men. Several lodges declined to vote in the absence of information regarding the nature of the assurance which the executive committee proposed to give to the Shipbuilding Employers' Federation.

Serious protests have been made by men in works on the Clyde against the official announcement that no lockout motion would be given this week. The executive possess the right to retain a sufficient reserve fund when the funds are below £4 a member, as at present.

BOILERMAKERS' HIGH WAGES.

LONG DISSENTED.

GETTING "QUITS" WITH EMPLOYERS.

Mr. A. Henderson, M.P. (Labour), who has been secretary to the North-east Coast Conciliation Board since 1904, in the course of an interview, said that he failed to see what the men hope to gain by their unfortunate attitude.

"The Edinburgh agreement," he said, "was solemnly acquiesced in at the conclusion of a long strike. The good state of the trade which now prevails has incited many to seize the opportunity of getting 'quits' with the employers."

Newspapers recall that the Edinburgh agreement was accepted after a pooled vote of the shipyard trade unions, but the majority of the boilermakers was then opposed to the agreement.

The disappointed men earn the highest wages paid to any class of manual labour. A riveter will even earn up to £6 or £7 a week.

Thirty-six thousand boilermakers did not take part in the ballot.

EMPLOYERS DETERMINED.

READY FOR SIX MONTHS' FIGHT.

A GRAVE OUTLOOK.

It is stated that the employers are prepared to continue the lockout for six months if necessary, in order to fix firmly the principles of working agreements, and the necessity of abiding by agreements.

The newspapers universally deplore the result of the ballot as involving a grave outlook for trade unionism, and encouraging a mutinous spirit among trade unionists.

CONFERENCE ASKED FOR.

LONDON, Sept. 11.

The standing committee of the Trade Societies, which are signatories to the working shipbuilding agreement, has asked for a conference with the Shipbuilding Employers' Federation at the earliest date.

COTTON STRIKE THREATENED.

AGREEMENT REPUTATED.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

A month ago the cotton operatives of Manchester approved of a proposal of the conference of representatives of master cotton spinners and operatives to master wages to remain unaltered for five years. Despite this agreement, the disputes of the cardroom workers have culminated in the Federation of Cotton Spinners threatening a general strike in October.

A GREAT INDUSTRY.

RAW MATERIAL SCARCE.

SUFFERINGS OF THE WORKERS.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

Lord Rotheringham, speaking at the Congress of the Textile Institute, said that the annual production of the textile and allied trades of the United Kingdom amounted in value to £240,000,000. The employees numbered 1,200,000, and the majority were suffering owing to the scarcity and dearth of the raw materials.

DISCONTENTED RAILWAY MEN.

FORCING A STRIKE.

LONDON, Sept. 11.

A large section of the employees of the Great Northern Railway Company are endeavouring to force a strike in connection with the interpretation of the award of Lord Macdonnell.

The men contend that the grant of a working day of ten hours includes meal time.

FIRE IN LONDON.

FATAL LEAP OF A GIRL.

THREE OTHERS INJURED.

LONDON, Sept. 11, 8.45 a.m.

A fire occurred early this morning at the premises of Wallace Hughes, draper, of Bristol-road.

Some girls jumped from the top story and struck a signboard beneath. One was killed, and three others were injured.

MONEY ADVANCED UPON ALL SECURITIES.

N.B.W. MONTAGUE & CO., LTD., 74, CASTLE-STREET, SYDNEY, AND 17 HUNTER-STREET, MELBOURNE.

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PRESS CONFERENCE.

AN IMPERIAL GATHERING.

ITS BENEFITS TO THE PEOPLE.

PROMOTING BETTER UNDERSTANDING.

LONDON, Sept. 11.

A luncheon given by the Government in the Royal Gallery of the House of Lords yesterday opened the proceedings of the conference of the British Institute of Journalists. Seventy colonial journalists and 100 British journalists, both proprietors and editors, were present.

Earl Beauchamp presided, and among those present were Mr. Honnaker Beaton, M.P., Sir Edward Russell (Liverpool "Daily Post"), Sir Carruthers Gould ("Westminster Gazette"), Sir H. Gilman Reid, Sir Douglas Straight (formerly editor of "Sydney Morning Herald"), Mr. E. Harold Spender, Mr. Owen Semman (editor of "Punch"), Captain Collins, Mr. Triggs (Christchurch), Mr. D. Maling (the Melbourne "Argus").

Earl Beauchamp, in a felicitous speech, proposed the loyal toasts.

Colonel Seely, Parliamentary Under-Secretary for the Colonies, welcomed the guests in the name of the King and the Government. He said that the press commanded unrivalled opportunities for the promotion of great causes. Among these, as affecting the Empire, he particularly commended the cause of tropical medicine.

Scientists, Colonel Seely said, had already saved far more lives than were destroyed in the Napoleonic wars. He instanced Uganda, where 200,000 people had died from the sleeping sickness before remedial measures were adopted, whereas the deaths now numbered 1700 a year.

Referring to the diffusion and discussion of news creating a better understanding among the peoples, Colonel Seely emphasised the arbitration in the American fisheries dispute just concluded. That dispute had lasted more than 100 years, and would have led to war. Now the difficulties were removed, and what threatened to be a permanent sore had passed into the region of history.

The Hon. Harry Lawson ("Daily Telegraph"), the president of the conference, responded, also Mr. Triggs chairman of the (various committees) and Mr. D. Maling.

The conference forwarded a message of loyalty to King George on his accession. A reception followed at the "Daily Chronicle" office.

COMMONWEALTH BUDGET.

APPRECIATION BY THE "TIMES."

NON-BORROWING POLICY CRITICISED.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

The "Times," in a leading article, appreciative of the Budget speech of Mr. Fisher, Prime Minister of Australia, welcomes the decision of the Government with regard to the transcontinental railway.

The journal considers the prospect of developing the Northern Territory good, since the South Australian Railway Government is not likely to make difficulties, and will possibly be glad to make the transfer, though it must be said that South Australia has discharged in the past its obligations to the Northern Territory with credit.

The "Times" considers that the construction of the northern end of the railway will require a loan. It urges the Labour party to abandon its loan scruples, which are partly reasonable and partly provincial.

Commenting upon the relations between the States and the Commonwealth, the "Times" says that Governments too often think that the people exist for them, and not they for the people. The founders of New South Wales had a breadth of vision which is rare in today's State Ministers.

CHOLERA EPIDEMIC.

THE OUTBREAK IN RUSSIA.

DEATH ROLL RAPIDLY MOUNTING.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 10.

Cholera is still rampant in Russia. The total deaths to date number 77,825.

A CASE IN PRUSSIA.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

A case of cholera has been discovered at Frelburg, on the Elbe, Prussia, 32 miles north-east of Bremerhaven.

The sufferer is a bargeman from Hamburg.

FRENCH NAVAL FORCES.

NEW DISPOSITION URGED.

TO MEET GERMAN PLANS.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

M. Lacroix, formerly Minister for Marine in the French Government, urges that in consequence of the preparations made by Germany, the French navy should be concentrated in the North Sea, and not in the Mediterranean.

He advocates this course, particularly in view of the understanding between Great Britain and France.

NATIONALIST DELEGATIONS.

THE MISSION TO AMERICA.

DUBLIN, Sept. 10.

The Irish delegations, proceeding to America for the purpose of raising funds for the Nationalist party, will leave here on September 17. The parties are led by Mr. Redmond for the Middle States, Mr. Devlin for the Southern States, and Mr. Boyle for the Northern States, and Mr. T. P. O'Connor for Canada.

POTOMAC POISONING.

SERIOUS GOAL OUTBREAK.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

Potomac poisoning has occurred in Winchester Gaol. Half the convicts imprisoned there are affected, some gravely, though all are not recovering.

Tinned meat which had been served out to the prisoners is suspected of being bad.

THE ASTROLOGER-ROYAL.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

Mr. Frank W. Dymond, Astronomer-Royal, Scotland, since 1905, will succeed Sir W. E. M. Christie, who is retiring, as Astrologer-Royal at the Royal Observatory, Greenwich.

THE LATE MR. HOLMAN-HUNT.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

The remains of the late Mr. Holman-Hunt, after cremation, will be buried in St. Paul's Cathedral on Monday.

MILITARY MANOEUVRES.

THE BRITISH ARMY.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

The autumn British military manoeuvres have started. Troops numbering 70,000 are spread over an area of 100 miles in the south-west of England.

Aeroplanes and wireless telegraphy are being utilised.

THE GERMAN ARMY.

FAILURE OF AIR SCOUTS.

DECEPTIVE OBSERVATIONS.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

The German Emperor is witnessing manoeuvres of his army, 90,000 troops taking part.

The main feature is the attacking of fortified positions in the field similar to instances in Russo-Japanese war.

The aerial scout service proved unsuccessful. A Parasette aircraft was captured, as a rain storm compelled it to descend in the territory of the enemy, and the dirigible of the opposing side was hoodwinked by sham field works and tree trunks, arranged in imitation of guns.

The report of this dirigible led to preparations for an attack at daybreak. Meanwhile the enemy was entrenching miles away.

GRIP OF THE BLACK HAND.

THE PELLARO MURDERS.

REVENGE ON AN INFORMER.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

The Milan correspondent of the "Daily Chronicle" reports that Ravenna, who with his family was murdered by members of the Black Hand at Pellaro, Calabria, was implicated with other Italians in a big bank robbery in New York. He was arrested, but was subsequently released in consideration for his revealing the names of the ringleaders to the authorities.

Fearing the vengeance of the Black Hand, the villagers of Pellaro refuse to assist the police in their efforts to obtain evidence against the murderers.

So great is the dread of the secret society that carabinieri were obliged to coerce undertakers to coffin the murdered family. Troops escorted the biers to the cemetery.

WELSH COAL TROUBLE.

VIOLENT SCENES.

PRECIPITATING A STRIKE.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

Thousands of miners in Cardiff looted the announcement of the postponement of the strike at the Cambrian Colliery Company's pits.

They caused the institute in which the federation officials were holding a meeting, broke the furniture, and endeavoured to assault the Labour leaders.

GERMANY AND BELGIUM.

A STRATEGICAL RAILWAY.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

"L'Etat Belge," the chief daily paper in Brussels, says that military circles in Paris are perturbed over the construction of the railway from Malmedy, Prussia, one and a half mile from the Belgian frontier, to Stavelot, Belgium, contending that it is not justified commercially, and will bring the vast German military camp of Eben-Emael in direct communication with Belgium.

General Langlois, a French military critic, contends that the Belgian army is inadequate to check any serious aggression on the eastern frontier.

NATIONAL CONSERVATION.

RIVAL POLICIES.

MR. TAFT AND MR. ROOSEVELT.

VANCOUVER, Sept. 9.

Violent speeches were delivered at the National Conservation Congress at St. Paul, demanding that the policies submitted for the conservation of national resources should embody as much of the views of President Taft as those of Mr. Roosevelt.

A motion to include Mr. Taft's name was negatived by 10 to 8.

An attempt was made later to remove what was considered an injustice to Mr. Taft, and after several ballots Mr. Roosevelt's name was also eliminated.

SPOTTED FEVER.

SMOKING A PREVENTIVE.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

In regard to several cases of spotted fever (cerebro spinal meningitis) which have occurred in London, the "British Medical Journal" mentions that tobacco smoking is a preventive, and it has proved an efficient antidote in similar cases in France.

DERAILMENT IN FRANCE.

FIVE PEOPLE KILLED.

LONDON, Sept. 11.

A train from Cherbourg was derailed at Bony, the driver, the stoker, and three passengers, were killed.

SOUTH AFRICAN DEFENCES.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

The Prime Minister, General Botha, speaking at Durban, suggested that a small force of garrison artillery should be formed as the nucleus of South Africa's defence, and that Durban should be fortified as strongly as possible.

COTTON-GROWING IN RHODESIA.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

The cotton-growing Association is about to develop cotton-growing in Rhodesia in conjunction with the Chartered Company. An expert will be engaged to advise farmers.

THE LATE MR. HOLMAN-HUNT.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

The remains of the late Mr. Holman-Hunt, after cremation, will be buried in St. Paul's Cathedral on Monday.

THE NEW NATIONALISM.

POWER OVER RICHES.

POLICY OF MR. ROOSEVELT.

VANCOUVER, Sept. 10.

Mr. Roosevelt, in defending the "New Nationalism" in the course of a speech delivered at Cincinnati, said that the Central Government must have power to master rich individuals.

There would be no interference with individuals, but whatever interference might take place would be simply to give the Government a chance.

TOO MUCH MATERIALISM.

FAULT OF AMERICANS.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

Colonel Roosevelt, in the course of a speech at Pittsburgh, said "Americans think too much of things of the body, and despise dreamers."

The approaching situation is peculiarly like the one when the Yass-Canberra site was carried in the Senate. The majority consisted of the Yass-Canberra site was carried in the Senate. The majority consisted of the Yass-Canberra site was carried in the Senate.

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 105. £80, £100; Gens., city,
 106. £40; others. Layard, 25
 107. Protestant, hosp., suburbs;
 108. rare to girl 5 years, 12s, in
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 110. 8s, 16s; C.-Laundresses, 20s
 111. 2s, school; Station Cook-
 112. ter, 12; M. Cple., man gar
 113. 4, near Orange, inter, 12;
 114. 1. 10s, 12s, 14s, 16s, 18s, 20s, 22s, 24s, 26s, 28s, 30s, 32s, 34s, 36s, 38s, 40s, 42s, 44s, 46s, 48s, 50s, 52s, 54s, 56s, 58s, 60s, 62s, 64s, 66s, 68s, 70s, 72s, 74s, 76s, 78s, 80s, 82s, 84s, 86s, 88s, 90s, 92s, 94s, 96s, 98s, 100s, 102s, 104s, 106s, 108s, 110s, 112s, 114s, 116s, 118s, 120s, 122s, 124s, 126s, 128s, 130s, 132s, 134s, 136s, 138s, 140s, 142s, 144s, 146s, 148s, 150s, 152s, 154s, 156s, 158s, 160s, 162s, 164s, 166s, 168s, 170s, 172s, 174s, 176s, 178s, 180s, 182s, 184s, 186s, 188s, 190s, 192s, 194s, 196s, 198s, 200s, 202s, 204s, 206s, 208s, 210s, 212s, 214s, 216s, 218s, 220s, 222s, 224s, 226s, 228s, 230s, 232s, 234s, 236s, 238s, 240s, 242s, 244s, 246s, 248s, 250s, 252s, 254s, 256s, 258s, 260s, 262s, 264s, 266s, 268s, 270s, 272s, 274s, 276s, 278s, 280s, 282s, 284s, 286s, 288s, 290s, 292s, 294s, 296s, 298s, 300s, 302s, 304s, 306s, 308s, 310s, 312s, 314s, 316s, 318s, 320s, 322s, 324s, 326s, 328s, 330s, 332s, 334s, 336s, 338s, 340s, 342s, 344s, 346s, 348s, 350s, 352s, 354s, 356s, 358s, 360s, 362s, 364s, 366s, 368s, 370s, 372s, 374s, 376s, 378s, 380s, 382s, 384s, 386s, 388s, 390s, 392s, 394s, 396s, 398s, 400s, 402s, 404s, 406s, 408s, 410s, 412s, 414s, 416s, 418s, 420s, 422s, 424s, 426s, 428s, 430s, 432s, 434s, 436s, 438s, 440s, 442s, 444s, 446s, 448s, 450s, 452s, 454s, 456s, 458s, 460s, 462s, 464s, 466s, 468s, 470s, 472s, 474s, 476s, 478s, 480s, 482s, 484s, 486s, 488s, 490s, 492s, 494s, 496s, 498s, 500s, 502s, 504s, 506s, 508s, 510s, 512s, 514s, 516s, 518s, 520s, 522s, 524s, 526s, 528s, 530s, 532s, 534s, 536s, 538s, 540s, 542s, 544s, 546s, 548s, 550s, 552s, 554s, 556s, 558s, 560s, 562s, 564s, 566s, 568s, 570s, 572s, 574s, 576s, 578s, 580s, 582s, 584s, 586s, 588s, 590s, 592s, 594s, 596s, 598s, 600s, 602s, 604s, 606s, 608s, 610s, 612s, 614s, 616s, 618s, 620s, 622s, 624s, 626s, 628s, 630s, 632s, 634s, 636s, 638s, 640s, 642s, 644s, 646s, 648s, 650s, 652s, 654s, 656s, 658s, 660s, 662s, 664s, 666s, 668s, 670s, 672s, 674s, 676s, 678s, 680s, 682s, 684s, 686s, 688s, 690s, 692s, 694s, 696s, 698s, 700s, 702s, 704s, 706s, 708s, 710s, 712s, 714s, 716s, 718s, 720s, 722s, 724s, 726s, 728s, 730s, 732s, 734s, 736s, 738s, 740s, 742s, 744s, 746s, 748s, 750s, 752s, 754s, 756s, 758s, 760s, 762s, 764s, 766s, 768s, 770s, 772s, 774s, 776s, 778s, 780s, 782s, 784s, 786s, 788s, 790s, 792s, 794s, 796s, 798s, 800s, 802s, 804s, 806s, 808s, 810s, 812s, 814s, 816s, 818s, 820s, 822s, 824s, 826s, 828s, 830s, 832s, 834s, 836s, 838s, 840s, 842s, 844s, 846s, 848s, 850s, 852s, 854s, 856s, 858s, 860s, 862s, 864s, 866s, 868s, 870s, 872s, 874s, 876s, 878s, 880s, 882s, 884s, 886s, 888s, 890s, 892s, 894s, 896s, 898s, 900s, 902s, 904s, 906s, 908s, 910s, 912s, 914s, 916s, 918s, 920s, 922s, 924s, 926s, 928s, 930s, 932s, 934s, 936s, 938s, 940s, 942s, 944s, 946s, 948s, 950s, 952s, 954s, 956s, 958s, 960s, 962s, 964s, 966s, 968s, 970s, 972s, 974s, 976s, 978s, 980s, 982s, 984s, 986s, 988s, 990s, 992s, 994s, 996s, 998s, 1000s, 1002s, 1004s, 1006s, 1008s, 1010s, 1012s, 1014s, 1016s, 1018s, 1020s, 1022s, 1024s, 1026s, 1028s, 1030s, 1032s, 1034s, 1036s, 1038s, 1040s, 1042s, 1044s, 1046s, 1048s, 1050s, 1052s, 1054s, 1056s, 1058s, 1060s, 1062s, 1064s, 1066s, 1068s, 1070s, 1072s, 1074s, 1076s, 1078s, 1080s, 1082s, 1084s, 1086s, 1088s, 1090s, 1092s, 1094s, 1096s, 1098s, 1100s, 1102s, 1104s, 1106s, 1108s, 1110s, 1112s, 1114s, 1116s, 1118s, 1120s, 1122s, 1124s, 1126s, 1128s, 1130s, 1132s, 1134s, 1136s, 1138s, 1140s, 1142s, 1144s, 1146s, 1148s, 1150s, 1152s, 1154s, 1156s, 1158s, 1160s, 1162s, 1164s, 1166s, 1168s, 1170s, 1172s, 1174s, 1176s, 1178s, 1180s, 1182s, 1184s, 1186s, 1188s, 1190s, 1192s, 1194s, 1196s, 1198s, 1200s, 1202s, 1204s, 1206s, 1208s, 1210s, 1212s, 1214s, 1216s, 1218s, 1220s, 1222s, 1224s, 1226s, 1228s, 1230s, 1232s, 1234s, 1236s, 1238s, 1240s, 1242s, 1244s, 1246s, 1

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milk and deliver, 25 6d, a
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100s. N. Coast; Cook,
10s. milk; others, 110 P
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COOK, 20s, 20s, 5 adults,
6d; GARDNER, 20s, ex
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garden, walk 1 cow, sub-
urban house, 12s, kp.
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for Mountains, 20s, keep
Teamsters, same station.
Carpenter, build sheds,
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Edward-st, North Sydney.
and HOUSE-PARLOUR
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Nirvana.
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George-st, near Quay.
good milk, sub. dairy.

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 help given, treated as f
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 girl, light Gen., 3 adults, c
 Mrs. Deane, 169 Miller-st.
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 companionable, interview
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MAN, 40, for housework, no
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ried (CHIL., 6; light Housew-
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 Vista-av., Bradley's H. rd.
 H'MAID, 15s, same hotel,
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 Little GIRL, sleep home

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 Martindale, 23 Birrell-st.
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(continued on next page.)

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